# Material Safety Data Sheet **Rx For Fleas Plus® (insecticide)**

## SECTION 1 - CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Name Chemical Formula Chemical Name/Synonyms **Chemical Family** CAS Registry Number

EPA Pesticide Reg. No.

RX FOR FLEAS PLUS® Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>'H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub> Sodium Polyborale Inorganic Borates 10043-35-3 7757-82-6 59111-1

Rx For Fleas®, Inc. Manufacturer 6555 N.W. 9th Avenue Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309 EMERGENCY PHONE NUMBERS 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC Rx For Fleas, Inc. Effective date

800-666-3532 October 1, 2010

#### SECTION 2 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS OSHA HAZARDS

This product contains less than 99 percent (%) Boric Acid (H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>). Boric Acid is hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard based on animal chronic toxicity studies of similar inorganic borate chemicals.

## SECTION 3 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Rx For Fleas Plus® is a white, odorless, powdered substance that is not flammable, combustible, or explosive, and it presents no unusual hazard if involved in a fire. Rx For Fleas Plus® presents little or no hazard (to humans) and has low acute oral and dermal toxicity. Care should be taken to minimize the amount of Rx For Fleas Plus® released to the environment to avoid ecological offects.

#### POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS:

Large emounts of Rx For Fleas Plus® can be harmful to boron-sensitive plants and other ocological systems.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Routes of Exposure: Inhalation is the most significant route of exposure in occupational and other settings. Dermal exposure is not usually a concorn because Rx For Fleas Plus® is not absorbed through intact skin.

Inhalation: Occasional mild irritation of nose and throat may occur from inhalation of Rx For Fleas Plus® dusts at levels greater than 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Eve Contact: Rx For Fleas Plus® is non-irritating to eyes in normal industrial use.

Skin Contact: Rx For Fleas Plus® does not cause irritation to intact skin

Ingestion: Products containing Rx For Fleas Plus® are not intended for ingestion. Rx For Fleas Plus® has a relatively low acute toxicity. Small amounts (e.g. a teaspoonful) swallowed accidentally are not likely to cause effects; swallowing amounts larger than that may cause gastrointestinal symptoms.

Cancer: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not considered a carcinogen.

Reproductive: Long-term, high dose animal ingestion studies of similar inorganic borate chemicals have demonstrated reproductive effects in male animals. A human study of occupational exposure to borate dust showed no adverse effect to reproduction.

Developmental: Multiple high dose animal ingestion studies of similar inorganic borate chemicals have demonstrated developmental effects in fetuses of pregnant animals, including fetal weight loss.

Target Organs: No target organ has been identified in humans. Multiple high dose animal ingestion studies of similar inorganic borate chemicals indicate the tostes are the target organs in male animals.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to borate products have been associated with ingestion or by absorption through large areas of damaged skin. These may include nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling. Refer to Section 11 for details on Toxicological Data.

#### SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: No specific treatment is necessary since Rx For Fleas Plus® is not likely to be hazardous by inhalation. Prolonged exposure to dust levels in excess of regulatory limits should always be avoided.

Eve Contact: Use eye wash fountain or fresh water to cleanse eye. If irritation persists for more than 30 minutes, seek medical attention. Skin Contact: No treatment necessary because non-irritating.

Ingestion: Swallowing less than one teaspoon will cause no harm to healthy adults. If larger amounts are swallowed, give two glasses of water to drink and seek medical attention.

NOTE TO PHYSICIANS: Observation only is required for adult ingestion of a few grams of Rx For Fleas Plus®. For ingestion in excess of larger amounts, maintain adequate kidney function and force fluids. Gastric lavage is recommended for symptomatic patients only. Hemodialysis should be reserved for massive acute ingestion or patients with renal failure. Boron analyses of urine or blood are only useful for documenting exposure and should not be used to evaluate severity of poisoning or to guide treatment.

### SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Hazard: None, because Rx For Floas Plus® is not flammable, combustible or explosive. The product itself is a flame retardant. Extinguishing Media: Any fire extinguishing media may be used on nearby fires. Flammability Classification (29 CFR 1910, 1200); Non-flammable solid.

## SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<u>General:</u> Rx For Fleas Plus® is a water-soluble white powder that may cause damage to trees or vegetation by root absorption. (Refer to Ecological information for specific information)

Land Spill: Vacuum, shovel or sweep up Rx For Fleas Plus® and place in containers for disposal in accordance with applicable local regulations. Avoid contamination of water bodies during clean up and disposal. No personal protective equipment is needed to clean up land spills

Water Spill Rx For Fleas Plus® will cause localized contamination of surrounding waters depending on the quantity dissolved in these waters. At high concentrations some damage to local vegetation, fish and other aquatic life may be expected.

Rx For Fleas Plus® is a non-hazardous waste when spilled or disposed of, as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations (40 CFR 261). (Refor to Regulatory Information for additional references and information regarding EPA and California regulations.)

### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Storage Temperature: Ambient

Storage Pressure: Atmospheric

Special Sensitivity: Moisture (Caking)

Goneral: No special handling precautions are required, but dry, indoor storage is recommended. To maintain package integrity and to minimize caking of the product, bags should be handed on a "first-in first-out" basis. Good housekeeping procedures should be followed to minimize dust generation and accumulation.

## **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations of Rx For Fleas Plus® dust below permissible exposure levels.

<u>Personal Protoction:</u> Where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, NIOSH/MSHA certified respirators must be used. Eye goggles and gloves are not required for normal industrial exposures, but may be warranted if environment is excessively dusty. <u>Occupational Exposure Limits</u>: Rx For Fleas Plus® is listed/regulated by OSHA, Cal OSHA and ACGIH as "Particulate Not Otherwise Classified" or "Nulsance Dust".

OSHA: PEL\*\* 15 mg/m<sub>3</sub><sup>3</sup> tota ACGIH: TLV\*\* 2 mg/m<sub>3</sub> ACGIH: STEL\*\*\* 6 mg/m<sub>3</sub> Cal OSHA: PEL\* 10 mg/m\_and

15 mg/m<sub>3</sub><sup>3</sup> total dust and 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable dust
2 mg/m<sub>3</sub>
6 mg/m<sub>3</sub>
10 mg/m and 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> respirable fraction
\*PEL Permissible Exposure Limit
\*\*TLV Threshold Limit Value
\*\*\*STEL Short Term Exposure Limit

## SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:	White, odorless powder	<b>Boiling Point:</b>	Not Applicable
Vapor Pressure:	Negligible @ 20°C	Flash Point:	None
Solubility in Water:	yes	pH:	7.0 (2.0% solution) @ 25°C

## SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

General: Rx For Fleas Plus® is a stable product.

Incompatible Materials and Conditions to Avoid: Reaction with strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals will generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosive hazard.

Hazardous Decomposition: None

#### SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingestion (acute oral toxicity): Low acute oral toxicity; LD50 of Rx For Fleas Plus® in rats is 3479 mg/kg of body weight.

Skin (acute dermal toxicity): Low acute dermal toxicity; LD<sub>50</sub> of Rx For Fleas Plus® in rabbits is greater than 2000 mg/kg of body weight. Rx For Fleas Plus® is not absorbed through intact skin.

Primary Skin Irritation Index: 0; Rx For Fleas Plus® is non-corrosive

Eve: Draize test in rabbits produced mild eye irritation effects. Many years of occupational exposure history reflects no indication of human eye injury from exposure to Rx For Fleas Plus®.

NOTE: Rx For Fleas Plus® contains 64% boric acid and 36% Inert ingredients. Rx For Fleas Plus® is chemically and toxicologically related to boric acid. The boric acid data discussed in this section relates to 100% pure boric acid.

Inhalation: Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with chronic exposures to boric acid dust and sodium borate dust.

<u>Carcinogenicity:</u> A Tochnical Report issued by the National Toxicology Program showed "no evidence of carcinogenicity" from a full 2year bioassay on boric acid in mice at feed doses of 2500 and 5000 ppm in the diet. No mutagenic activity was observed for boric acid in a recent battery of four short-term mutagonicity assays.

Reproductive / Developmental Toxicity: Animal studies indicate Boric Acid reduces or inhibits sperm production, causes testicular atrophy, and, when given to pregnant animals during gestation, may cause developmental changes. These feed studies were conducted

under chronic exposure conditions leading to doses many times in excess of those that could occur through inhalation of dust in occupational sottings.

<u>Roproductive Toxicity (Fertility)</u>: Dietary boric acid levels of 6,700 ppm in chronic feeding studies in rats and dogs produced testicular atrophy, while dogs and rats receiving 2000 ppm did not develop testicular changes (<sup>1</sup>Weir, Fisher, 1972). In chronic feeding studies of mice on diets containing 5000 ppm (550 mg/kg/d) boric acid, tosticular atrophy was present while mice fed 2500 ppm (275 mg/kg/d) boric acid showed no significant increase in testicular atrophy (<sup>2</sup>NTP, 1987). In another boric acid chronic study, in mice given 4500 ppm (636 mg/kg/d), degeneration of seminiferous tubules was present together with a reduction of germ cells, while at 1000 ppm (152 mg/kg/d) no effect was seen (<sup>3</sup>Fail et al., 1991). In a reproduction study on rats, 2000 ppm of dietary boric acid had no adverse effect on lactation, litter size, weight and appearance (<sup>1</sup>Weir, Fisher, 1972). In a continuous breeding study in mice there was reduction in fortility rates for males receiving 4500 ppm (636 mg/kg/d) boric acid, but not for females receiving 4500 ppm boric acid (<sup>3</sup>Fail et al., 1991)

**Dovelopmental Toxicity:** Boric acid at dletary levels of 1000 ppm (78 mg/kg/d) administered to pregnant female rats throughout gestation caused a slight reduction in fotal weight, but was considered to be close to the LOAEL. Doses of 2000 ppm (163 mg/kg/d) and above caused fetal malformations and maternal toxicity. In mice the no effect level for fetal weight reduction and maternal toxicity was 1000 ppm (248 mg/kg/d) boric acid. Fetal weight loss was noted at dietary boric acid levels of 2000 ppm (452 mg/kg/d) and above. Malformations (agenesis or shortening of the thirteenth rib) were seen at 4000 ppm (1003 mg/kg/d), (<sup>4</sup>Heindel et al., 1992).

<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> (Weir, R.J. and Fisher, R.S., Toxicol. Appl. Pharmacol., 23:351-364 (1974))

2 (National Toxicology Program (NTP)-Technical Report Series No. TR324, NIH Publication NO. 88-2580 (1987),PB88-213475/XAB)

3 (Fail et al., Fund. Appl. Toxicol. 17, 225-239 (1991))

4 (Heindel et al., Fund Appl. Toxicol. 18, 266-277 (1992))

## SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### ECOTOXICITY DATA:

<u>Phytotoxicity:</u> Although boron is an essential micronutrient for healthy growth of boron-sensitive plants, it can be harmful to plants in higher quantities. Plants and trees can easily be exposed by root absorption to toxic levels of boron in the form of water-soluble borate leached into nearby soil or waters. Care should be taken to minimize the amount of borate product released to the environment. <u>Fish Toxicity:</u> Boron naturally occurs in sea water at an average concentration of 5 mg B/liter. In laboratory studies the acute toxicity

(96-hr LC<sub>50</sub>) for under-yearling Coho salmon (Opchorhynchus kisutch) in sea water was determined as 40 mg B/L (added as sodium metaborate). Boron concentrations in fresh surface waters are generally less than 1 mg B/L. Laboratory studies on the toxicity of freshwater fish were determined using early life (embryo-larval) stages in natural water and Boric Acid as a test substance. The results were:

Rainbow Trout (S. gairdneri) 24-day LC<sub>50</sub>=150.0 mb B/L 36-day NOEC•LOEC=0.75-1 mg B/L Goldfish (Carassius auratus) 7-day NOEC•LOEC=26.50 mg B/L 3-day LC<sub>50</sub>=178 mg B/L

Invertebrate Toxicity: The acute toxicity (48-hour LC<sub>50</sub>) to Daphnids (<u>Daphnia magna Straus</u>) in natural water is reported to be 133 mg B/L (added as boric acid). Estimated chronic toxicity (21-day NOEC-LOEC) values of 6-13 mg B/L (added as boric acid) have also been reported.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL FATE DATA:**

Persistence/Degradation: Boron and boron containing compounds, such as Rx For Fleas Plus®, are naturally occurring and ubiquitous in the environment. In the presence of water, sodium polyborate disassociates into natural borates and borlo acid.

Soil Mobility: The product is soluble in water and is leachable through normal soil.

NOTE: Boron (B) is the element in Rx For Fleas Plus® which is used to characterize borate product ecological effects. To convert Rx For Fleas Plus® data to Boron (B), multiply by 0.1119.

#### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal Guidance:** Small quantities of Rx For Fleas Plus® can usually be disposed of at Municipal Landfill sites. No special disposal treatment is required, but refer to state and local regulations for applicable site-specific requirements. Tonnage quantities of product are not recommended to be sent to landfills. Such product should, if possible, be re-used for an appropriate application.

RCRA (40 CFR 261): Rx For Fleas Plus® is not listed under any sections of the Federal Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

California Hazardous Waste Designation: California identifies substances with acute LD<sub>50</sub>'s less than 5000 mg/kg as "hazardous wastes". Rx For Fleas Plus® is therefore a "hazardous waste" if spilled in California, and should be handled in accordance with applicable state regulations. Refer to Regulatory Information for additional information

#### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Hazardous Material Classification: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not a U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazardous Material.

DOT Hazardous Substance Classification Rx For Fleas Plus® is not a DOT Hazardous Substance.

International Transportation: Rx For Floas Plus® has no U.N. Number , and is <u>not</u> regulated under international rail, highway, water, or air transport regulations.

#### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

TSCA No.: Rx For Fleas Plus does not appear on the EPA TSCA inventory list. Borlo acid does appear on the EPA TSCA inventory list (10043-35-3)

FIFRA: Rx For Fleas Plus® (Insecticide) is registered with the EPA, in accordance with Section 3 of FIFRA, as a pesticide product. Refer to official EPA registered product label for additional product Hazard and Precautionary information.

RCRA: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not listed as a hazardous waste under any sections of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or regulations (40) CFR 261 et seq.).

<u>Superfund:</u> CERCLA/SARA. Rx For Fleas Plus® is <u>not</u> listed under CERCLA (the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act) or its 1986 amendments, SARA, (the Superfund Amendments and Reqauthorization Act), including substances listed under Section 313 of SARA, Toxic Chemicals, 42 USC 11023, 40 CFR 372.65; Section 302 of SARA, Extremely Hazardous Substances, 42 USC 11002, 40 CFR 355; or the CERCLA Hazardous Substances list, 42 USC 9604, 40 CFR 302.

Safe Drinking Water Act: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not regulated under the SDWA, 42 USC 300g-1, 40 CFR 141 et seq. Consult state and local regulations for possible water quality advisories regarding boron.

Clean Water Act (Federal Water Pollution Control Act): 33 USC 1251 et seq.

a.) Rx For Fleas Plus® is not itself a discharge covered by any water quality criteria of Section 304 of the CWA, 33USC 1314

b.) It is not on the Section 307 List of Priority Pollutants, 33 USC 1317, 40 CFR 129

c.) It is not on the Section 311 List of Hazardous Substances, 33 USC 1321, 40 CFR 116.

OSHA/Cal OSHA: This MSDS document meets the requirements of both OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200) and Cal OSHA (Title 8 CCR 5194(g)) hazard communication standards. Refer to Exposure Control/Personal Protection for regulatory exposure limits.

IARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (of the World Health Organization) does not list or Rx For Fleas Plus® as a carcinogen.

NTP Annual Report on Carcinogens: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not listed.

OSHA Carcinogen: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not listed.

California Proposition 65: Rx For Fleas Plus® is not listed on any Proposition 65 lists of carcinogens or reproductive toxicants.

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Product Label Text Hazard Information: Refer to EPA approved product label for additional product Hazard and Precautionary information.

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Classification:

Health - 0, Flammability - 0, Reactivity 0\*

Hazardous Materials Information Systems (HMIS):

Red: (Flammability) - 0, Yellow: (Reactivity) - 0, Blue: (Acute Health) - 1\*

#### \*Chronic Effects

Information presented herein has been complied from sources considered dependable and is accurate and reliable to the best of our knowledge and belief, but it is not guaranteed to be so. Nothing herein is to be construed as recommending any practice or any product in violation of any law or regulation. It is the user's responsibility to determine the suitability of any material for a specific purpose and adopt necessary safety precautions. We make no warranty as to results to be obtained in using any material and, since conditions or use are not under our control, we must necessarily disclaim all liability with respect to use of any material supplied by us.

Replaces: Original

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