1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Product type: EPA Registration No.:	Tekko Pro Insect Growth Regulator 53883-335
Chemical name of active ingredient(s):	Pyriproxyfen: 2-[1-methyl-2-(4-phenoxyphenoxy) ethoxy]pyridine Novaluron: 1-[3-chloro-4-(1,1,2-trifluoro-2- trifluoro-methoxyethoxy) phenyl]-3-(2,6-difluorobenzoyl)urea
Manufacturer/Registrant:	Control Solutions, Inc. 5903 Genoa-Red Bluff Pasadena, TX 77507
For fire, spill, and/or leak emergencies, contact Chemtrec:	Phone: 1-800-424-9300
For medical emergencies and health and safety inquiries, contact Safety Call:	Phone: 1-866-897-8050
Poison Control Center	Phone: 1-800-222-1222

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATIONS

OSHA HCS CLASSIFICATION (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute Toxicity:

	Acute oral	Acute dermal	Acute inhalation	Eye irritation	Skin irritation	Skin Sensitization
Catego	ry NC	NC	4	NC	NC	NC

NC: Not classified

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

- Harmful if inhaled
- Development hazard (n-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS No. 872-50-4)

PICTOGRAM:



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

- Avoid breathing mist, vapors or spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center if you feel unwell.
- Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves and clothing, eye and face protection.

Contact Safety Call[®] International for emergency medical treatment at (866) 897-8050.

PHYSICAL OR CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL: See Section 7 and 13.

OTHER HAZARDS: See Section 11 and 12.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMMON NAME	CAS NO.	%			OTHER	NTP/IARC/OSHA
			OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV		(Carcinogen)
Pyriproxyfen	95737-68-1	1.3	NE	NE	NE	NA
Novaluron	116714-46-6	1.3	NE	NE	NE	NA
n-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	20	NE	NE	10 ppm* TWA	NO

NE=Not established; NA=Not applicable.

* Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID				
IF SWALLOWED:	Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.			
	• Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.			
	Do not give any liquid to the person.			
	Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.			
IF IN EYES:	Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water 15-20 minutes.			
	• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continuing rinsing eye.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
IF ON SKIN OR	Take off contaminated clothing.			
CLOTHING:	Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.			
	Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.			
IF INHALED:	Move person to fresh air.			
 If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, 				
preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.				
	Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.			
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.				
You may also contact SafetyCall [®] International at (866) 897-8050 for emergency medical treatment information.				
NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: Contain petroleum distillate, vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.				

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 95°C (203°F)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water spray, fog, CO₂, foam, dry chemical.

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Pesticide fires have potential to emit hazardous gases such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen fluoride, hydrogen chloride, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides, acid halides. If product is heated above decomposition temperature, toxic vapours will be released. The substances/groups of substances mentioned can be released if the product is involved in a fire

FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Isolate fire area and evacuate downwind. DO NOT breathe gases, smoke or vapors generated. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full-protective clothing. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May release irritating and toxic gases due to thermal decomposition.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACTION TO TAKE FOR SPILLS/LEAKS: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. In case of spillage or leakages, eliminate all ignition sources. Soak up with an absorbent material such as sand, sawdust, earth, Fuller's earth, etc. Dispose of with chemical waste. Remove any contaminated soil. Place in closed, labeled containers and store in a safe place until disposed. Do not contaminate water while cleaning equipment or disposing of wastes. This product is toxic to fish. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Use proper protective equipment to minimize exposure. Take all necessary actions to prevent and to remedy the adverse effects of the spill. Ensure that the disposal is in compliance with federal requirements and state or local regulations.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal or cleaning of equipment. Carefully open containers and after partial use close container tightly. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing spray mist. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN STORAGE: Store upright at room temperature. Avoid exposure to extreme temperatures. Store in a locked area out of reach of children and domestic animals.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE (MIN/MAX): Normal ambient temperatures.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION, PACKAGING AND USE OF THIS PRODUCT.

FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

HAND PROTECTION: Chemical-resistant gloves.

SKIN PROTECTION: Long-sleeve shirt, long pants, shoes plus socks.

EYE PROTECTION: Protective eyewear or chemical safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles when working in non-ventilated spaces.

RESPIRATOR REQUIREMENTS: For most conditions, no respiratory protection should be needed; however, if handling without sufficient ventilation, use NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with any R, P or HE filter.

VENTILATION: Whenever possible, adequate ventilation should be used to minimize the need for personal protective equipment.

ADDITIONAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES:

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product. Do not reuse them.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS:

Users Should:

- Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES: Refer to Section 3.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Refer to product label. Minimize airborne concentrations.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Clear Light Yellow Liquid

ODOR: Mild Musty Odor

pH: 5.00 - 6.6 (1% solution)

FLASH POINT: > 95°C (203°F)

DENSITY: 0.919 g/ml (7.67 lbs./gal)

VISCOSITY: 7.49 cSt @ 20°C; 4.66 cSt @ 40°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid strong oxidizers.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May release irritating and toxic gases due to thermal decomposition.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY/IRRITATION STUDIES:

Acute Oral LD₅₀ (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Acute Dermal LD₅₀ (Rabbit): > 5,050 mg/kg Acute Inhalation LC₅₀ (Rat): > 2.04 mg/L/4 hr. Eye Irritation: Mildly Irritating Skin Irritation: Slightly irritating Dermal Sensitization: Not a skin sensitizer

SUBCHRONIC TOXICITY:

Pyriproxyfen: Low level of toxicity in the rat, mouse and dog indicated. Effects observed at high dose levels consisted primarily of decreased body weight; increased liver weights; histopathological changes in the liver and kidney; decreased red blood cell counts, hemoglobin and hematocrit; altered blood chemistry parameters; and, at 5000 and 10000 ppm in mice, a decrease in survival rates. The NOELs from these studies were 1000 ppm (149.4 mg/kg/day) in mice, 100 mg/kg/day in dogs and 400 ppm (23.5 mg/kg/day) in rats. In a 4 week inhalation study of Pyriproxyfen Technical in rats, decreased body weight and increased water consumption was observed at 1000 mg/m3. The NOEL in this study was 482 mg/m3. A 21-day dermal toxicity study in rats did not produce any signs of dermal or systemic toxicity at 1000 mg/kg/day.

CHRONIC:

Pyriproxyfen: has been tested in chronic studies with dogs, rats and mice. Dogs exposed to dose levels of 300 mg/kg/day or higher for 52 weeks showed overt clinical signs of toxicity, elevated levels of blood enzymes and liver damage. The NOEL in this study was 100 mg/kg/day. In a 78 week study in mice, dietary levels of 3000 ppm or greater produced gross and histopathological changes in the kidney. The NOEL in this study was 600 ppm. In a 2-year study in rats, dietary levels of 3000 ppm or greater produced body weights in female rats. The NOEL in the rat study was 600 ppm.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Pyriproxyfen: No oncogenic response was produced in mice or rats.

Novaluron: Not carcinogenic.

REPRODUCTION/TERATOLOGY/DEVELOPMENTAL TOXICITY:

Pyriproxyfen: In the study conducted with rats, maternal toxicity (mortality, decreased body weight gain and food consumption and clinical signs of toxicity) was observed at doses of 300 mg/kg/day and greater. The maternal NOEL was 100 mg/kg/day. A transient increase in skeletal variations was observed in rat fetuses exposed to 300 mg/kg/day and greater. The NOEL for prenatal developmental toxicity was 100 mg/kg/day. An increased incidence of visceral and skeletal variations was observed postnatally at 1000 mg/kg/day. The NOEL for postnatal developmental toxicity as 300 mg/kg/day. The study conducted with rabbits, maternal toxicity (clinical signs of

toxicity including one death, decreased body weight gain and food consumption, and abortions or premature deliveries) was observed at oral doses of 300 mg/kg/day or higher. The maternal NOEL was 100 mg/kg/day. No developmental effects were observed in the rabbit fetuses. The NOEL for developmental toxicity in rabbits was 1000 mg/kg/day. No effects on reproduction were produced even at 5000 ppm, the highest dose tested.

Novaluron: Not teratogenic in animal experiments.

MUTAGENICITY:

Pyriproxyfen: Technical was negative in the following tests for mutagenicity: Ames Assay with and without S9, unscheduled DNA synthesis in HeLa S3 cells, in vitro gene mutation in V79 Chinese hamster cells, and in vitro chromosomal aberration in Chinese hamster ovary cells.

Novaluron: No evidence of genotoxicity.

OTHER INGREDIENT:

n-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone :

Reproductive/Developmental: Reproductive/ developmental effects were observed in rats and rabbits. These effects occurred in the presence of maternal toxicity. The relevance of these findings to humans is unknown.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: This product is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water or to areas where surface waters present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Run-off from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not contaminate water by cleaning equipment or disposal of equipment wash waters.

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Pyriproxyfen: Is practically non-toxic to avian species. Is moderately to highly toxic to fish and moderately to very highly toxic to aquatic invertebrate species. Practically non-toxic to bees.

Novaluron: Moderately toxic to avian species. Moderately toxic to fish and moderately to very highly toxic to aquatic invertebrate species. practically non-toxic to bees.

AVIAN TOXICITY:

Pyriproxyfen:Oral LD_{50} mallard duck: > 2000 mg/kg
Oral LD_{50} bobwhite quail: > 2000 mg/kg
Dietary LC_{50} mallard duck: > 5200 ppm
Dietary LC_{50} bobwhite quail: > 5200 ppm
Reproduction bobwhite quail: NOEC = 600 ppm
Reproduction mallard duck: NOEC = 600 ppm

Novaluron:Oral LD_{50} mallard duck: > 2000 mg/kg
Oral LD_{50} bobwhite quail: > 2000 mg/kg
Dietary LC_{50} mallard duck: > 5310 ppm
Dietary LC_{50} bobwhite quail: > 5200 ppm
Reproduction bobwhite quail: NOEL = 300 ppm
Reproduction mallard duck: NOEL = 30 ppm

AQUATIC ORGANISM TOXICITY:

Pyriproxyfen:

Fresh	water species	LC ₅₀ (96 hr.) Bluegill Sunfish: > 270 µg/l				
	•	LC ₅₀ (96 hr.) Rainbow Trout: > 325 µg/l				
		LC ₅₀ (21 day) Rainbow Trout: 90 µg/l				
		LC50 (96 hr.) Carp: 450 µg/l				
		LC ₅₀ (96 hr.) Killifish: 2660 µg/l				
		EC₅₀ (48 hr.) Daphnia magna: 400 µg/l				
— .						

Estuarine species:	LC ₅₀ (96 hr.) Sheepshead Minnow: > 1.02 ppm			
	LC₅₀ (96 hr.) Mysid Shrimp: >92 µg/l			
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EC₅₀ (96 hr.) Eastern Oyster: 93 ppb

Novaluron:

Freshwater species:	LC₅₀ (96 hr.) Bluegill Sunfish: > 960 ppb LC₅₀ (96 hr.) Rainbow Trout: > 1 mg/l
	LC ₅₀ (21 day) Rainbow Trout: > 6.16 ppb EC ₅₀ (48 hr.) Daphnia magna: = 0.058 mg/l
Estuarine species:	LC_{50} (96 hr.) Sheepshead Minnow: > 2.0 ppb LC_{50} (96 hr.) Mysid Shrimp: 0.13 ppb EC_{50} (96 hr.) Eastern Oyster: 1.5 ppb

OTHER NON-TARGET ORGANISM TOXICITY:

Pyriproxyfen: LD₅₀ (48 hr.) > 100 ug/bee.

Novaluron: LD₅₀ (48 hr.) > 100 ug/bee.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spilled bait, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. Dispose of excess or waste pesticide by use according to label directions, or contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to label instructions and local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Ground Domestic (DOT):

Non-bulk: Not regulated by DOT

- Vessel (IMDG): UN3082, Environmentally Hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (pyriproxyfen, novaluron), 9, PG III, Marine Pollutant
- **Air (IATA):** UN3082, Environmentally Hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (pyriproxyfen, novaluron), 9, PG III, Marine Pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

FIFRA INFORMATION:

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information for safety data sheet, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label.

CAUTION Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin or eyes. In case of contact, flush with plenty of water. Wash with soap and warm water after use. Obtain medical attention of irritation persists. Avoid contamination of feed or feedstuff.

SARA TITLE III CLASSIFICATION:

Section 302: Not applicable Section 311/312: Acute health hazard (immediate) Chronic health hazard Section 313: N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS#: 872-50-4

CA PROPOSITION 65: This product contains N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, CAS#: 872-50-4, known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

CERCLA RQ: Not applicable

RCRA CLASSIFICATION: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

TSCA STATUS: The ingredients of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory or are exempt.

STATE RIGHT TO KNOW: N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone CAS#: 872-50-4 - MA, PA and NJ

16. OTHER INFORMATION

HAZARD RATINGS	NFPA	HMIS		
HEALTH:	1	1	0	MINIMAL
FLAMMABILITY:	1	1	1	SLIGHT
REACTIVITY:	0	0	2	MODERATE
			3	HIGH
			4	SEVERE

MSDS DATE: 2-10-2014.

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein.